

RECEIVERS FOR SHUT BANKS

EVIDENCE OF CRIME IN TWO, SAYS
ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Six That Closed in the Week of the Knickerbocker Run Put in the Hands of Men Appointed by the State—The Banks Are the Hamilton, the Brooklyn, the Borough and the Williamsburg, the International and the Jenkins Trust Companies—Jenkins' "Loans" and Alleged Forgery in the Borough Bank to Be Laid Before the Grand Jury.

Pursuing his policy of avoiding New York County Judges in his receivership cases, Attorney-General Jackson went yesterday to Kingston in the Third Judicial District and had temporary receivers appointed for six of the New York city banking concerns that closed in the week of the Knickerbocker Trust Company run. In the cases of the Jenkins Trust Company and the Borough Bank of Brooklyn criminal proceedings are promised. President Jenkins is accused of making unlawful loans to himself, and in the Borough Bank it is alleged that evidence of forgery as well as of overloans has been found.

The action of the Attorney-General was a surprise to the officers of some of the institutions, who expected soon to have them on their feet. It will be noted that the Borough Bank is excepted, in the Attorney-General's statement given below, from the list of the suspended banks concerning which Clark Williams, Superintendent of the Banking Department, is said to have informed the Attorney-General that they have been unable to secure the necessary additional capital. The following statement was given out at the office of the Attorney-General here yesterday afternoon by Attorney-General Jackson's secretary, who said that the Attorney-General would not be in the city before Monday:

"Attorney-General Jackson appeared before Justice Betts in Special Term of the Supreme Court at Kingston this morning and made application for the appointment of receivers for the Williamsburg Trust Company, the Hamilton Bank, the Borough Bank of Brooklyn, the Brooklyn Bank, the Jenkins Trust Company and the International Trust Company.

"The application in each instance was based upon an affidavit sworn to by Mr. Williams, Superintendent of the State Banking Department, stating that it was necessary that the affairs of the bank should be administered by a receiver. Justice Betts appointed these temporary receivers:

"Williamsburg Trust Company—Frank L. Bapst of Buffalo; bond, \$300,000; depositors, Farmers Loan and Trust Company and the National Bank of New York.

"Hamilton Bank—Frank White of New York; bond, \$200,000; depositors, Title Guaranty and Trust Company and the Fifth Avenue Bank of New York.

"Borough Bank of Brooklyn—Henry A. Powell of Brooklyn and Isaac N. Cox of Ellenville, Ulster county; bond, \$100,000 each; depositors, Union Trust Company and the Bank of Manhattan.

"Jenkins Trust Company—John Mulhall of New York; bond, \$200,000; depositors, United States Trust Company and the Corn Exchange Bank of New York.

"Brooklyn Bank—Bruny Hasbrouck of New Paltz; bond, \$150,000; depositors, the Central Trust Company and the Bank of America.

"International Trust Company—Goodwin Brown of Yonkers; bond, \$100,000; depositors, the Bankers Trust Company.

"Mr. Bapst is managing director of the German-American Bank of Buffalo, a director of the Columbia National Bank of Buffalo, president of the Buffalo Dredging Company, president of the Buffalo Expanded Metal Company, a large independent oil company, a large stockholder in the Lackawanna Steel Company and is substantially interested in other enterprises. He was selected to audit and wind up the affairs of the Pan-American Exposition Company at the time the Federal Government appropriated \$500,000 to help pay the creditors of the company.

"Mr. White was first Deputy Attorney-General under Mr. Jackson since the first of the year he has been the legal adviser of the State Banking and Insurance departments. He is the author of 'White on Corporations' and has a law office at 32 Liberty street, New York city.

"Mr. Powell is an attorney at law residing in Brooklyn, with offices at 206 Broadway, New York city.

"Mr. Cox is a former member of Congress and is now president of the First National Bank of Ellenville.

"Mr. Mulhall is a real estate dealer, with offices at 153 Broadway, and is heavily interested in real estate in Manhattan and Brooklyn.

"Mr. Hasbrouck is a merchant and a large brick manufacturer at New Paltz, and is also engaged in the real estate and insurance business.

"Mr. Brown lives at Yonkers and has offices at 192 Broadway, New York city. He was pardon clerk under former Governor Cleveland and subsequently was appointed to the State Lunacy Commission, where he served for fifteen years.

"It was on October 25 and 26 that Supt. Williams reported to the Attorney-General that he had taken possession of the Williamsburg Trust Company, the Hamilton Bank, the Borough Bank, the Jenkins Trust Company and the International Trust Company and that it was unsafe and inexpedient for these institutions to continue doing business.

"The statute requires that upon receiving such reports from the Superintendent of the State Banking Department the Attorney-General shall proceed at once in the courts against the insolvent institution. The language of the statute is mandatory in this respect, but Mr. Jackson was anxious to give the banks ample opportunity to secure the necessary additional resources to enable them to safely resume business, and he accordingly refrained from taking any action until to-day. Both the Attorney-General and Supt. Williams sought to cooperate with the officers and directors of the closed banks in an effort to put them on their feet again.

"On Thursday Supt. Williams informed

F. McLAUGHLIN TAKES POISON.

Republican Leader in California Shoots Daughter and Commits Suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 16.—Major Frank McLaughlin, Republican politician, who has been well known in State affairs for twenty-five years, shot his daughter to-day at Santa Cruz and then took poison and died. Inanity is given as the cause of the tragedy.

The daughter, named Agnes, was the early '80s as a Republican leader from Santa Cruz county. He was chosen Presidential elector several times and was regularly elected a delegate to national conventions. He made a large fortune in mining, but met reverses when he attempted to divert the waters of the Father River, near Oroville, and gather gold from the old river bed. After spending several millions belonging to English stockholders he found that huge boulders in the river bed prevented him from working the ground. Other disastrous ventures followed which swept away most of his fortune.

It is supposed that these losses preyed on his mind and led him to try to kill his daughter. She was 22 years old, unmarried, and had kept house for her father since her mother's death several years ago.

Major McLaughlin must have shot his daughter Agnes about 10 o'clock this morning, for a few minutes after this hour ex-Lieut. Gov. Jetter received a telephone message from McLaughlin asking him to come up to Golden Gate Vista, his home, and see him on urgent business. When Jetter replied that he had a law case that prevented him from coming at once he was amazed to hear the Major say:

"You must come up at once and bring a doctor, as I have killed my daughter Agnes and I intend to kill myself."

Jetter rushed out and with Dr. Congdon drove to the McLaughlin home. When Jetter arrived at the house he found the Major in the sitting room lying on the floor gasping for breath. By his side was a phial half full of prussic acid, the poison he had swallowed. He died in a few minutes. In an adjoining room Jetter found Miss Agnes McLaughlin with a bullet wound clear through the head. She was unconscious and she has not rallied since.

MORE MONKEY HOUSE ARRESTS.

One of the Prisoners Says He Is Leon Cazauran, Hammerstein Tenor.

A man who described himself as Leon Cazauran, a tenor in Hammerstein's opera company, and a companion, who said he was Claude Nojeska, a singer, also of the same company, were arrested in the monkey house in Central Park yesterday afternoon, charged with attempting to corrupt the morals of Eugene Nash, 12 years old, of 21 Eighth avenue. They were taken into custody by Detective J. J. Cain, the same man who arrested Caruso of the Conried opera company last season.

Cazauran said that he lived at 247 West Thirty-fourth street and Nojeska gave him address as 25 West Thirtieth street. They said they were 29 years old and gave occupations as singers. Nojeska was very dark and was put on the police blotter as a negro. The prisoners told Lieut. Lynch of the Arsenal police station of their employment in the Hammerstein opera company.

Cazauran was discharged by Magistrate Droege in the night police court. Nojeska was fined \$10 on a charge of having an obscene picture in his possession. Counsel for the men told the reporters in the night court that the men were a couple of concert-hall singers.

Oscar Hammerstein said last night that he had never heard of Nojeska, but that he had engaged Leon Cazauran in Paris last summer to sing minor tenor parts in the United States tour of the District of New Mexico, and no conclusion will be reached until Mr. Roosevelt has pursued further investigations. All the good Federal offices in New Mexico, from Governor down, are held by Rough Riders. There is bitter factionalism in the Territory and charges of many kinds have been preferred against Major Llewellyn. Most of the allegations concern money.

The District Attorney has come in collision with special agents of the Department of Justice and the Interior Department and the heads of these Departments in Washington are concerned over the situation which has arisen in connection with the administration of the land laws and the prosecution of land fraud cases in New Mexico. The present was not just, and the services of his former comrades were absolutely compelled to do so by force of circumstances, but he may be obliged to choose between devotion to the Rough Rider District Attorney and the advice of members of his Cabinet. Major Llewellyn was at the White House this morning, accompanied by Gov. Curry of New Mexico.

WOMAN WITNESS' ORDEAL.

Kept in Jail Two Days Because She Saw a Policeman Killed—Out on Bail.

Mrs. Cora Johnson of 194 Duffield street, Brooklyn, whose purse was stolen by William Morse, a negro, on Thursday night, just before Morse shot and killed Patrolman Kavanagh, was taken before Judge Fawcett in the County Court yesterday on a writ of habeas corpus procured by her attorney and admitted to bail in \$5,000.

The attorney told the judge that immediately after the shooting Mrs. Johnson was taken to the Adams street station by the police and locked up as a material witness. On Friday morning she was committed to jail without bail by Magistrate Fawcett, and while she was kept in the whole proceeding had been confined in jail two days.

WRIT FOR A BROTHER.

Henry Kelly Says Arthur Is Detained by Edward.

Justice O'Gorman granted in the Supreme Court yesterday a writ of habeas corpus directing that Edward Kelly produce in court on Monday Arthur Kelly. The writ was granted on the application of Henry Kelly. All are brothers. Henry Kelly, 414 West 125th street, Brooklyn, and he says that Arthur is being kept by Edward at the latter's home, 154 West Ninetieth street, and that he is in bad health and that no one is permitted to see him.

STECKLER IN FATAL WRECK

J. H. ECKSTEIN KILLED IN HIS CAR—EX-JUSTICE HURT.

Their Wives Also Seriously Injured at a Crossing in New Jersey—Mrs. Steckler May Die—Locomotive Carries Lumberman's Body On With the Wreckage.

Joseph Henry Eckstein, a lumber dealer of 68 Broad street, whose home was at 36 West Eighty-ninth street, was instantly killed near Harrington Park, N. J., and ex-Justice of the Supreme Court Alfred Steckler, his wife and Mrs. Eckstein were seriously injured early last night when a "wildcat" freight train on the West Shore Railroad bound from Newburgh to Jersey City caught the automobile in which the four people were riding and wrecked it completely.

Mrs. Eckstein left her home about 7 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the auto, a large touring car belonging to her husband. She picked up Mrs. Steckler at her home at 34 West Eighty-seventh street a few minutes later and went on down town, where Mrs. Steckler and Mr. Eckstein joined the party. With Eckstein's chauffeur driving the car the party went over into Jersey, following the line of the West Shore Railroad up to Nyack.

In a second automobile, which had a part of the wreck, was Elias Summerfield, who lives at the Hotel Savoy; Richard Steinhart, Mrs. Summerfield and Mrs. Steinhart.

The party had dinner in one of the small towns along the road and had started home when the accident occurred. The crossing at which the auto and engine met is just below the small station at Harrington Park. Steep hills are at both approaches. Although there is an automatic electric bell at the crossing to warn passersby the chauffeur of Mr. Eckstein's auto started to cross the track when the engine, going at a good rate of speed, bore down on the machine.

The chauffeur nearly succeeded in getting the auto out of danger, but the pilot of the engine hit the tonneau of the car wheel and broke the machine in the middle. The wreck of the car was carried forty feet on the pilot and then thrown to one side of the track. Mr. Eckstein, who had been caught in the splintered wreck and carried along in the splintered wreck, was killed instantly. His body was found lying near the wreck of the auto.

Mrs. Steckler, his wife, Mrs. Eckstein and the chauffeur had been hurled from their seats by the blow from the engine. The chauffeur was the least seriously injured. His wounds were dressed on the spot by Dr. J. E. Pratt of Dumont.

The second auto, about four minutes behind the one wrecked, came up to the spot just as the station agent and the train hands were lifting the wounded out of the roadway.

As soon as an alarm could be sent out by the station agent at Harrington Park doctors from nearby towns went to the assistance of the wounded. Dr. Parsell and Dr. Ward of Clamart gave temporary relief to Mr. Steckler and the two women, the latter being unconscious from shock and possible internal injuries.

The second auto in the party took the three down to the Englewood Hospital, the three physicians following in another car. Coroner A. D. Lees of Hackensack was summoned to take charge of the body of Mr. Eckstein. He took it to the railway station until facilities for removing it to the nearest morgue could be had.

Alfred Steckler, Jr., the son of Mr. Steckler, went to the Englewood Hospital early in the evening as soon as news of the accident to his mother and father was reported to him. Later he telephoned to his uncle, Louis Steckler of 61 West Eighty-eighth street, that his father's injuries were not serious, being confined to a dislocated shoulder and a contused scalp. His mother, however, was suffering from internal injuries and severe shock. The doctors in attendance seemed to fear that she would not recover.

Mrs. Eckstein is badly hurt, but not in a critical condition. She was not told last night that her husband was killed. Coroner Lees said that Mr. Eckstein's body would be removed to New York as soon as his relatives could get to Harrington Park. The Coroner said that no arrests would be made. He absolved the engineer of the train from all blame in the matter.

Joseph Henry Eckstein, the dead man, has two children—Henry, 22 years old, and Dena, 20 years of age. Both of them went to New Haven yesterday afternoon to see the football game. They did not hear about the death of the father and the grave injuries of their mother until they returned to their home last night. They hurried over to the Englewood Hospital.

FINLAND BARS ALL LIQUOR.

Drastic Prohibition Results From Women Voting—"Sentiment" Rules.

SPECIAL CABLE DESPATCH TO THE SUN.
LONDON, Nov. 16.—Finland furnished this week a striking example of the effects of universal suffrage combined with virtual control of the Social Democratic League. The legislature consists of a single chamber of 200 members. Fifty-six per cent. of the voters at the last election in the towns and 50 per cent. in the rural districts were women. Nineteen women were elected members of the chamber. The Social Democratic party elected eighty members, and it has other sympathizers.

It has just passed a drastic act for the total prohibition of spirits, wine, beer and alcohol, which may be kept only for medical and technical purposes and for the use of Russian troops. Even the use of wine for the communion service is forbidden. No one may keep alcoholic drinks in his house unless he can prove that they were in his possession before the act was passed. The police have full rights of search and the penalties vary from \$20 fine to penal servitude for three years. There is no exception for the loss of capital in breweries, distilleries or private houses.

The Baroness Gripenberg, one of the best known women members, said that in dealing with a question of this vital social importance it was quite time to "leave reason aside and let sentiment prevail." This moved the Finns to remark: "There we have the true inwardness revealed of the social democratic revolution naked and unshamed. The earlier revolutions were content to 'inaugurate the Age of Reason,' and we know what that meant. It was reserved for the social democratic revolution to inaugurate the 'Age of Sentiment,' and we have yet to learn all that that means. At any rate it means, so far as it has gone in its chosen house of the Grand Duchy of Finland, one heavy blow at the principles of liberty. It is not expected that the law will ever come into operation, for the veto of the Czar is regarded as certain."

MOVE TO HEAD OFF BRYAN.

J. P. Hopkins Uses Cleveland's Name—The French Lick Conference.

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—Grover Cleveland as the Democratic candidate for President was suggested in political circles in Chicago to-day. It was urged that a ticket headed by Mr. Cleveland, with Gov. Johnson of Minnesota for vice-president, could be elected. The Cleveland suggestion is in the way of a Bryan antidote.

The suggestion came up in connection with the "weekend" political gathering which Chairman Tom Taggart of the Democratic national committee is to give at French Lick Springs, Ind., on next Friday. While all the members of the committee have been asked to attend, the word brought to Chicago is that none of the other politicians invited is of the Bryan persuasion. Ex-Mayor John P. Hopkins advocates the nomination of Mr. Cleveland as the "only way for the Democrats to get out of the wilderness." Mr. Hopkins does not say he is speaking with authority. But he is in close touch with Mr. Cleveland's nearest friends, both East and West, and suggestion is expected to be brought up at the French Lick gathering.

TO CURB STOCK SPECULATION.

Congressman Hepburn Thinks Congress Will Act Under Interstate Powers.

CLARENDON, Ia., Nov. 16.—Congressman Hepburn, chairman of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, in an interview to-day predicted that action looking to the curbing of stock speculation would be taken at the coming session. He said:

"I regard it as extremely probable that there will be enacted this winter legislation to secure the regulation of the issues of stocks and bonds of corporations doing interstate business. Certainly there ought to be such legislation and control. The President and Attorney-General are satisfied that Congress has the necessary power and we certainly know that the question of power cannot be decided until the legislation has been had."

"I also regard it as most desirable that the taxing power of the Government should be used to prevent gambling in railroad stocks by taxing all sales where delivery is not made within such reasonable time as to indicate that the transaction was bona fide and not for speculation."

"So long as there is buying and selling on margins and without the intention of actual delivery of the stock speculation will absorb the resources of the banks and take money from legitimate enterprises which need it. Stock speculators pay high rates for money and their efforts are so attractive to the city banks that the banks are induced to make loans outside the channels of legitimate business. This not only tends to involve the banks in speculation but it withdraws the money from legitimate business enterprises."

CROOK AS A SHUTTLECOCK.

French and English Police Keep American Unfriendly Movings.

SPECIAL CABLE DESPATCH TO THE SUN.
LONDON, Nov. 16.—The French and English police are having a little game of shuttlecock and shuttlecock with an American undesirable as shuttlecock. So far the honors are with France.

The English police first deported him after he had remained in France a while the French police took him to Boulogne and put him on a Folkestone steamer. The Folkestone police spotted him at once and returned him to Boulogne on the next boat.

On his arrival at Boulogne, the Frenchmen took him to the station and gave him a first-class ticket to London, putting him on the night boat for Dover. He got safely to London at 3 o'clock in the morning.

WILSON AND TAYLOR TO CONFER.

Governor-Elect and Ex-Governor of Kentucky to Meet Today in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 16.—Governor-elect Augustus E. Wilson of Kentucky will be here to-morrow for a short visit to relatives and W. S. Taylor, Kentucky's fugitive ex-Governor, said to-day that he would see him and confer with him. He refused to say on what subject the conference would be held, but denied a report that he had notified Wilson that he would return to Kentucky and stand trial as soon as the Republican administration is inaugurated.

It is understood, though, that Taylor's friends here have advised him that no other course could be open to him now, for Gov. Hanly would have no excuse to refuse a requisition from Gov. Wilson, because it would have to be assumed that he would get a fair trial under a Republican administration. Taylor's friends therefore think he had better go voluntarily.

PAID ITS MEN IN NICKELS.

Six Hundred Thousand Five Cent Pieces D.oursed by Omaha Street Railroad.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 16.—Six hundred thousand nickels in a bunch were turned loose in Omaha to-day when the Omaha Street Railway Company disbursed \$30,000 worth of the five cent pieces in meeting the monthly payroll of the concern.

Since the financial stringency began the street railway company has been holding enough cash with it to pay its employees on pay day. To-day when the men lined up for their money it was paid to them all in nickels. By paying out the chicken feed the street railway company has made change very plentiful in the shops, where most of it was spent this afternoon and this evening.

PIG WRECKS AN AUTO.

C. Maxwell Titus, Wife and Friends Killed Out Coming From Yale Game.

WATERBURY, Conn., Nov. 16.—On the way from the Yale-Princeton game this evening a pig ran across the narrow country road near the Millville out and was nearly cut in two by the big machine of C. Maxwell Titus of New York, a covered car, in which were Mr. and Mrs. Titus, Seaver Johnson and Roswell Burdick, who were all shaken up seriously. The car was wrecked and the people brought to Mariden.

FIRE PRECEDED EARTHQUAKE.

Verdict of Kingston Jury Against the Insurance Companies.

SPECIAL CABLE DESPATCH TO THE SUN.
KINGSTON, Jamaica, Nov. 16.—The hearing of the first insurance action against the English companies in connection with the earthquake was concluded to-day. The jury unanimously returned a verdict in favor of the policyholders.

The origin of the fire was traced to 87 King street, two minutes before the earthquake. It is probable that an appeal will be taken from the verdict.

PROF. UNDERWOOD A SUICIDE

COLUMBIA MAN ALSO TRIES TO KILL WIFE AND DAUGHTER.

Cuts His Throat After Slashing His Wife's Throat and Attacking His Daughter—Mrs. Underwood's Finger Cut Off—Wall Street Losses Made Him Insane.

DANBURY, Conn., Nov. 16.—Prof. Lucien Marcus Underwood, Torrey professor of botany at Columbia University and identified with the Bronx Botanical Gardens, committed suicide this afternoon by cutting his throat at his country home at Redding. Prof. Underwood had gone insane suddenly and attempted to kill his wife and daughter Helen.

According to Mrs. Underwood her husband had worried over losses in Wall Street during the recent slump. He lost \$15,000 and was afraid, it was said, that his home might have to be sacrificed.

Since last Thursday night, Mrs. Underwood said, her husband has been walking the floor nightly, and his physical condition, due to loss of sleep, had become desperate. This morning he was more cheerful than usual, and it was thought that he could resume his duties at Columbia on Monday.

Mrs. Underwood was in the kitchen of her home when her husband rushed to her side. He had a peculiar gleam in his eyes and seized a potato knife and tried to cut her throat.

Mrs. Underwood screamed, meanwhile defending herself as best she could. Her cries attracted her daughter, Helen, who rushed to the kitchen just in time to see her father draw the knife across Mrs. Underwood's throat from ear to ear, making a wound not deep enough to penetrate the jugular vein.

Mrs. Underwood looked on in horror until her father saw her. He let go of his wife and jumped toward the daughter, with the knife raised to gash her as he had her mother. When Mrs. Underwood saw her daughter's peril she ran to aid her, and in struggling with her husband she had the little finger of her right hand cut off.

After trying vainly to overpower his daughter, Prof. Underwood threw the knife from him and ran to the second floor of the house. His wife and daughter heard him slam the door of the bathroom in which he kept his razor, and presuming that he meant to use it against them, or cut his own throat, the two women fled in terror from the house and went to the home of a neighbor.

After the alarm had been given by Mrs. Underwood several of the neighbors hurried to the Underwood house. They found the botanist lying on the bathroom floor with a great gash in his throat. He died twenty minutes after he was found.

Prof. Underwood was born in Woodstock, N. Y., on October 26, 1853, and was graduated from Syracuse University with a Ph. D. degree in 1879. He got his LL. D. degree in 1896. He married Marie Annette Spurgis at Goshen, Conn., in 1881 and there was one daughter by the union, Helen Willoughby Underwood.

Prof. Underwood has been a teacher since the time of his graduation and was professor of biology in Syracuse University from 1883 to 1891. He then accepted the chair of botany at De Pauw University in Indiana, leaving there in 1895 to take charge of the biology department in the Alabama Polytechnic School. After remaining there he accepted the professorship of botany in Columbia University, where he has been since.

Prof. Underwood was the author of various books and papers on ferns, liverworts and fungi of North America. He was a delegate to the International Botanical Congress in Geneva in 1892 and Vienna in 1905. He was the chairman of the board of scientific directors of the New York Botanical Garden and at one time was president of the Botanical Society of America. He was a fellow of the American Academy of Science and the New York Academy of Science. Mr. Underwood was a member of the Torrey Botanical Club and the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity.

Prof. Underwood was a devoted husband and father. He had been suffering from a nervous depression and was unable to sleep. On Friday, however, Prof. Underwood came to the park and said he was feeling a great deal better. Prof. Britton said he looked extremely well at that time.

The daughter, Helen, was graduated from Columbia University last year and is now a student in the teachers college.

AGAINST FEDERAL OWNERSHIP.

American Federation Votes in Favor of Private Control of Railroads.

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 16.—By a vote of 154 to 50 the American Federation of Labor to-day declared its opposition to Government ownership of railways and mines. This was done after a hard fight. One delegate declared himself as bitterly opposed to private ownership of the railroads, declaring that they were better placed in the hands of the Government than in the control of a lot of men "whose wives gave dog and monkey parties at Newport."

The large majority of the members were against nationalizing the transportation facilities and the mines. This was an amendment to the original resolution. On the question of telephones the Federation stands pat in its opinion that these should be controlled by the Government.

CUTS SECOND CABIN RATES.

North German Lloyd Makes It \$49 to Paris by the Swift Kaiser.

Gustav H. Schwab, general manager of the North German Lloyd Line at this port, announced yesterday a big reduction of second cabin rates from New York to Bremen and Paris, thus indicating that the steamship rate war is still pretty warm and that negotiations for the settlement have not reached a stage where the lines may compromise. The new rate to Paris by the swiftest steamships like the Kaiser Wilhelm II. will be \$49 instead of \$56 and the fare to Bremen has been reduced from \$50 to \$43. On the slower twin screw boats the fare directly to Bremen will be \$38. The new rates, Mr. Schwab says, will be in force at least until January 1.

WHERE TO TAKE LUNCH
And drink the Highest Types of American Wines.
H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 160 Fulton St., New York.

WON'T PAY MRS. GOULD'S BILLS.

Howard Gould Publishes an Advertisement to That Effect.

Howard Gould, whose wife, Katherine Clemmons Gould, is suing him for a separation, alleging cruelty and inhuman treatment, has served notice through the newspapers that he will not be responsible for Mrs. Gould's debts. His advertisement reads:

"All persons are hereby notified that Mrs. Gould and myself are living separate and apart; that Mrs. Gould is furnished by me with funds sufficient for necessary and reasonable requirements, and that I will not be responsible for any purchases made or debts contracted by Mrs. Howard Gould or any person acting for her."

MONEY LOOSE ON THE ARABIC.

Mrs. James Amory Moore Put in Circulation Freely.

Mrs. James Amory Moore, who was accompanied by a maid and refused to say much about herself, spread good cheer in the stateroom and stateroom of the White Star liner Arabic, in yesterday's voyage from Liverpool and Queenstown. There seemed to be no money stringency in the Moore household. She began encouraging circulation at Queenstown, when three Irishwomen came aboard to sell lace to passengers. Mrs. Moore gave them about \$300. Later she and her maid fattened the purses and gladdened the hearts of the stokers. Mrs. Moore, according to the ship's purser, also gave pretty nearly \$1,000 to the children and women among the immigrants, of whom there were 700.

IDLE MILLS TO START UP.

Columbia Steel Co. to Open Closed Departments With Day and Night Shifts.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 16.—Rumors that work would be nearly suspended at the big mills of the Columbia Steel Company, Johnstown, because of the financial stringency were dispelled by an announcement today that several mills of the company which had been idle for months will resume operations shortly. Several mills closed last week will reopen on next Tuesday and by Wednesday in other mills day and night shifts will be put on. About 1,500 men will go back to work.

CON OUT AND OUT FOR TAFT.

Cincinnati Republican Leader Says His Recent Interview Was Misconstrued.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 16.—This statement was given out for publication today by George B. Cox, local Republican leader, and appeared first in the newspapers owned and edited by Charles P. Taft, brother of Secretary of War Taft:

"There appears to be a misconception on the interview with me published in THE SUN while I was in New York. As far as I am concerned, I want the matter made plain and placed before the general public in a correct way so that any doubt that may exist may be dispelled. I want it understood that my position now is as it always has been in the past—that I am for William H. Taft for President, first, last and all the time, and shall do everything in my power to get a solid delegation from Ohio for him in the next national convention."

ALABAMA RATE BILLS PASS.

The Governor Will Soon Have All the Railroad Measures He Asked For.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 16.—The Senate passed all of the railroad rate and regulation bills to-day and they will go to the House on Monday. The House bills have been reported favorably in the Senate, so that the whole of the railroad code will be on the way to final passage by Tuesday. It is expected before the end of the week all of the bills desired by the Governor in his call will have passed.

OBJECTS TO HOME STUDY.

Pittsburgh School Principal Says It Should Be Abolished in All Grades.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 16.—Officials of the Board of Education got a shock to-day when Miss Nannie Mackrell, principal of the Moorhead school, one of the city's largest institutions of learning, announced that she is opposed to home study at night by pupils. Miss Mackrell urged the board to abolish the practice in all grades. She says:

"What is required more than anything else is concentration in learning something. It is frequently hard for a child at home to concentrate its mind on a lesson. Besides, some children do not seem to know how to study. I really believe an extra session of school ought to be held after the regular session, and it should be called a study session, in which the time would be devoted entirely to learning how to study."

NEW PEAK CONQUERED.

German Gets to the Top of the Haute Tour de Glacis in the Alps.

SPECIAL CABLE DESPATCH TO THE SUN.
LONDON, Nov. 16.—Herr Walther of the Swiss Alpine Club has succeeded after a score of failures in reaching the summit of the virgin peak Haute Tour de Glacis in the Alps, about 10,000 feet high. This has defied the efforts of Alpine climbers for many years.

The last 100 yards below the summit was black and slippery perpendicular rock, where neither hand nor foot will hold. It is, in all, one of the most difficult ascents of the Alps.

Walther took four hours to make the last 100 yards.